

25. E

26. A 27. F 28. B 29. D 30. C

1-4 PRACTICE

$$1) \frac{7.2}{-7.2} + c = 19$$

$$\underline{-7.2}$$

$$c = 11.8$$

$$2) \frac{8.5}{5} = \frac{5}{5} p$$

$$p = 1.7$$

$$3) \cancel{\frac{d}{4}} = -31.4$$

$$d = -124$$

$$4) \frac{s - 31}{+31} = 20.6$$

$$\underline{s = 51.6}$$

$$5) 9(z-3) = 12z$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9z - 27 = 12z \\ -9z \end{array}$$

$$\frac{-27}{3} = \frac{3z}{3}$$

$$6) \frac{7y + 5}{-6y} = \frac{6y + 11}{-6y}$$

$$y + \cancel{5} = 11$$

$$y - 5 = -5$$

$$y = 6$$

$$\boxed{-9 = z}$$

$$7) 5w + 8 - 12w = 16 - 15w$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 - 7w = 16 - 15w \\ +15w \end{array}$$

$$\underline{\cancel{8} + 8w = 16}$$

$$\frac{8w}{8} = \frac{8}{8}$$

$$w = 1$$

$$8) 3(x+1) = 2(x+11)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + 3 = 2x + 22 \\ -2x \end{array}$$

$$x + \cancel{3} = \frac{22}{-3}$$

$$x = 19$$

$$9) \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{BROTHER 1} \\ x \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{BROTHER 2} \\ x+15 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{TOTAL} \\ 55 \end{array}$$

$$x + x + 15 = 55$$

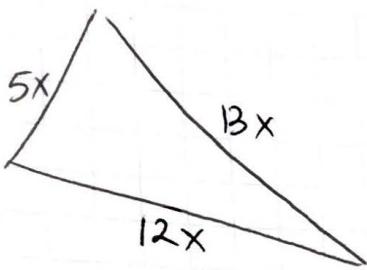
$$\cancel{x} - \cancel{x} \quad \cancel{15} - \cancel{15}$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{40}{2}$$

$$\boxed{\begin{array}{l} \text{BROTHER 1} \\ x = 20 \end{array}}$$

$$\boxed{\begin{array}{l} \text{BROTHER 2} \\ 35 \end{array}}$$

10) RATIO $5:12:13$



$$P = 15$$

$$5x + 12x + 13x = 15$$

$$\frac{30x}{30} = \frac{15}{30}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$5x = 5 \frac{1}{2} = \boxed{\frac{5}{2}} \text{ OR } 2.5$$

$$12x = 12 \frac{1}{2} = \boxed{6}$$

$$13x = 13 = \boxed{\frac{13}{2}} \text{ OR } 6.5$$

11) FIRST NUMBER SECOND NUMBER THIRD NUMBER

$$\begin{array}{ccc} x & x+1 & x+2 \end{array}$$

$$x + x+1 + x+2 = 126$$

$$3x + 3 = 126$$

NUMBERS ARE 41, 42 and 43

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{123}{3}$$

$$x = 41$$

12) $6(x+1) = 2(5+3x)$ 13) $3(y+3) + 5y = 4(2y+1) + 5$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 6x+6 & = & 10 + 6x \\ -6x & & -6x \end{array}$$

$$6 = 10$$

NEVER TRUE

$$3y+9 + 5y = 8y+4 + 5$$

$$\underline{8y+9 = 8y+9}$$

SAME EXPRESSION

ALWAYS TRUE

14) $S = L(1-r)$, solve for r

$$\frac{S}{L} = 1 - lr$$

$$\frac{S-L}{L} = -lr$$

$$r = \frac{S-L}{-L} \text{ OR } \frac{L-S}{L}$$

15) $\frac{A}{L+h} = \frac{Lw}{L+h} + \frac{wh}{L+h}$, solve for w

$$A - Lh = Lw + wh$$

$$\frac{A - Lh}{L+h} = \frac{w(L+h)}{L+h}$$

$$w = \frac{A - Lh}{L+h}$$

17) $a(y+c) = b(y-c)$

$$ay + ac = by - bc$$

$$ay - by = -bc - ac$$

$$\frac{y(a-b)}{a-b} = \frac{-c(a+b)}{a-b}$$

$$y = \frac{-c(a+b)}{a-b}$$

16) $\frac{4}{9}(y+3) = 9$, solve for y

$$\frac{4}{9}y + \frac{4}{9} \cdot 3 = 9$$

$$\frac{4}{9}y + \frac{4}{3} = 9$$

$$\cancel{\frac{4}{9}y} + \cancel{\frac{4}{3}} = 9$$

$$y = \frac{9}{4}g - 3$$

$$\frac{4}{3} \cdot \frac{9}{4} = 3$$

18) $\frac{y+3}{t} = t^2 \cdot t$

$$y+3 = t^3$$

$$y = t^3 - 3$$

19) $3y - yz = 2z$

$$\frac{y(3-z)}{3-z} = \frac{2z}{3-z}$$

$$y = \frac{2z}{3-z}$$

$$20) 0.5(x-3) + (1.5-x) = 5x$$

$$0.5x - \cancel{1.5} + \cancel{1.5} - x = 5x$$

$$-0.5x = 5x$$

$$x=0$$

$$21) 1.2(\cancel{x}+5) = 1.6(2x+5)$$

$$\cancel{1.2x} + 6 = 3.2x + 8$$

$$-1.2x$$

$$6 = 2x + 8$$

$$-8$$

$$\frac{-2}{2} = \frac{2x}{2}$$

$$\boxed{x=-1}$$

$$22) 0.5(c+2.8) - c = 0.6c + 0.3$$

$$0.5c + 1.4 - c = 0.6c + 0.3$$

$$-0.5c + 1.4 = 0.6c + 0.3$$

$$+0.5c \quad \quad \quad +0.5c$$

$$1.4 = 1.1c + 0.3$$

$$-0.3 \quad \quad \quad -0.3$$

$$\frac{1.1}{1.1} = \frac{1.1c}{1.1}$$

$$\boxed{c=1}$$

$$23) \frac{u}{5} + \frac{u}{10} - \frac{u}{6} = 1$$

$$\frac{6u + 3u - 5u}{30} = 1$$

$$\frac{4u}{30} = 1$$

COMMON DENOMINATOR

$$\frac{30}{30} \cdot \frac{4u}{30} = 1 \cdot 30$$

$$\frac{4u}{4} = \frac{30}{4}$$

$$\boxed{u=7.5}$$

$$24) V = \frac{\pi}{3} r^2 h, \text{ solve for } h$$

$$\frac{3V}{\pi r^2} = \frac{\pi r^2 h}{\pi r^2}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{3V}{\pi r^2} = h}$$

$$25) D = kA \left[\frac{T_2 - T_1}{L} \right] \text{ for } T_1$$

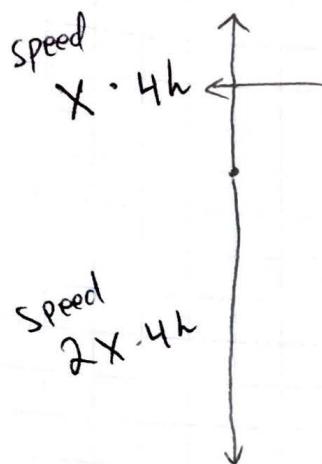
$$L \cdot D = \frac{kAT_2 - kAT_1}{L} \cdot L$$

$$DL = kAT_2 - kAT_1$$

$$kAT_1 = kAT_2 - DL$$

$$T_1 = \frac{kAT_2 - DL}{kA}$$

26)



resulting units are miles

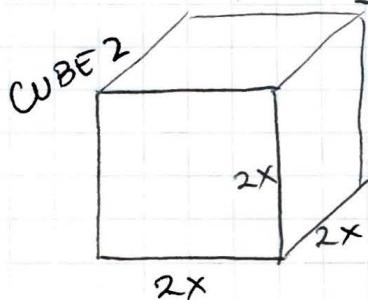
Because (speed) $\frac{\text{miles}}{\text{hr}}$ ~~hr~~ = miles

$$4x + 8x = 600$$

$$\frac{12x}{12} = \frac{600}{12}$$

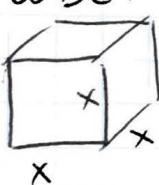
$$\text{TRAIN 1 } x = 50 \frac{\text{miles}}{\text{hr}}$$

$$\text{TRAIN 2 } 100 \frac{\text{miles}}{\text{hr}}$$

TOTAL volume
for both is
72

27)

volume



$$\underline{x^3}$$

$$(2x)^3 \text{ or } \underline{8x^3}$$

$$x^3 + 8x^3 = 72$$

$$\frac{9x^3}{9} = \frac{72}{9}$$

$$x^3 = 8$$

side of CUBE 1

$$\boxed{x=2}$$

side of CUBE 2 is 4

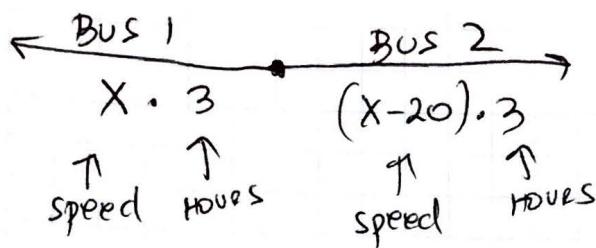
28)

$$mV_1 = (m+M)V_2$$

$$m = \frac{mV_2 + MV_2}{V_1}$$

$$mV_1 = mV_2 + MV_2 \quad \text{HER WORK IS CORRECT}$$

29)



$$3x + 3(x-20) = 270$$

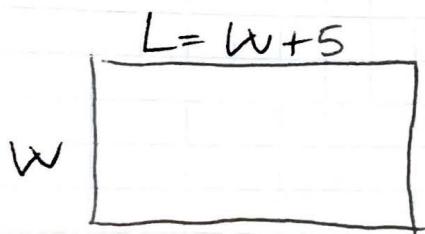
$$3x + 3x - 60 = 270$$

$$6x - 60 = 270$$

$$\frac{6x}{6} = \frac{330}{6}$$

$$\text{BUS 1 } x = 55 \frac{\text{miles}}{\text{hr}} \quad \text{BUS 2 } 35 \frac{\text{miles}}{\text{hr}}$$

30)



$$P = 58$$

$$2w + 2L = 58$$

$$2w + 2(w+5) = 58$$

$$2w + 2w + 10 = 58$$

$$4w + 10 = 58$$

$$4w = 48$$

$$w = 12 \text{ cm}$$

$$L = w + 5 = 17 \text{ cm}$$

31)

odd integer 1

$$2x + 1 = 81$$

odd int. 2

$$2x + 3 = 83$$

odd int. 3

$$2x + 5 = 85$$

odd int 4

$$2x + 7 = 87$$

$$2x + 1 + 2x + 3 + 2x + 5 + 2x + 7 = 336$$

$$8x + 16 = 336$$

$$\frac{8x}{8} = \frac{320}{8}$$

$$x = 40$$